DRAFT CONDITIONS OF DEVELOPMENT CONSENT

DA No: DA-92/2018 Property: 1 Memorial Drive, GRANVILLE NSW 2142 Description: Partial demolition of existing structures, alterations and additions to Granville Swimming Centre, construction of a multi-purpose community centre and associated road & landscaping works (INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT – S.90 NATIONAL PARKS AND WILDLIFE ACT 1974)

1. Approved Plans

The development is to be carried out in accordance with the approved stamped plans as numbered below:

Plan Number	Prepared By	Revision No.	Dated
DRWG No.	Henry&Hymas	01	23.03.2018
17A34_DA_BE01			
DRWG No.	dwp	1	23.03.2018
DA021			
DRWG No.	dwp	1	23.03.2018
DA101			
DRWG No.	dwp	1	23.03.2018
DA201			
DRWG No.	dwp	1	23.03.2018
DA202			
DRWG No.	dwp	1	23.03.2018
DA203			
DRWG No.	dwp	1	23.03.2018
DA401			
DRWG No.	dwp	1	23.03.2018
DA402			
DRWG No.	dwp	1	23.03.2018
DA403			
DRWG No.	dwp	1	23.03.2018
DA501			
DRWG No.	dwp	1	23.03.2018
DA502			
DRWG No. SK 02	Umbaco	J	July 2018
	Landscape		
	Architects		
DRWG No. SK 03	Umbaco	J	June 2018
	Landscape		
	Architects		
DRWG No. SK 04	Umbaco	G	March 2018
	Landscape		
	Architects		
DRWG No. SK 05	Umbaco	G	March 2018
	Landscape		
	Architects		
DRWG No. SK 06	Umbaco	G	March 2018
	Landscape		
	Architects		

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DRWG No. SK 07	Umbaco Landscape Architects	G	March 2018
DRWG No. SK 04 Tree removal/Retention as modified by DRWG Nos. SK 02 & SK 03 Rev J	Umbaco Landscape Architects	F	March 2018
notations DRWG No.	Henry&Hymas	01	23.03.2018
17A34_DA_C000 DRWG No.	Henry&Hymas	01	23.03.2018
17A34_DA_C100			
DRWG No. 17A34_DA_C101	Henry&Hymas	02	23.03.2018
DRWG No. 17A34_DA_C102	Henry&Hymas	02	23.03.2018
DRWG No. 17A34_DA_C103	Henry&Hymas	02	23.03.2018
DRWG No. 17A34_DA_C200	Henry&Hymas	01	23.03.2018
DRWG No. 17A34_DA_C201	Henry&Hymas	01	23.03.2018
DRWG No. 17A34_DA_C202	Henry&Hymas	01	23.03.2018
DRWG No. 17A34_DA_C250	Henry&Hymas	01	23.03.2018
DRWG No. 17A34_DA_C251	Henry&Hymas	01	23.03.2018
Preliminary Arts Plan	Cumberland Council	-	-
Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment – Project No. 20171231.2	Acoustic Logic	0	17.06.2015
Statement of Heritage Impact	Extent Heritage P/L	V1	28.03.2018
Detailed Site Investigation	SESL Australia	1.0	16.03.2018
Remedial Action Plan	SESL Australia	3.1	25.07.2018
Arboricultural Development Assessment Report <i>Tree</i> <i>removal/Retention</i> <i>as modified by</i> <i>DRWG Nos. SK</i> <i>02 & SK 03 Rev J</i> <i>notations</i>	Moore Trees	Final	21.03.2018

Hazardous Building Materials Report	Douglas Partners	0	15.08.2017
Acid Sulfate Soil Management Plan	SESL Australia	1.0	23.03.2018

except as otherwise provided by the conditions of this determination (Note:modifications to the approved plans will require the lodgement and consideration by Council of a modification pursuant to Section 4.55 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended)).

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to confirm and clarify the terms of Council's approval.

2. <u>Time period of consent</u>

This consent shall lapse five (5) years from the date of determination unless the approved building, engineering or construction work has been physically commenced in accordance with this consent.

Development consent for the use of land does not lapse if the approved use of any land, building or work is actually commenced prior to the date on which the consent would otherwise lapse.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to satisfy the requirements of Section 4.53 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended).

3. Sydney Trains Requirements

The following requirements as nominated by Sydney Trains are to be addressed;

Stray Currents and Electrolysis from Rail Operations

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate the Applicant is to engage an Electrolysis Expert to prepare a report on the Electrolysis Risk to the development from stray currents. The Applicant must incorporate in the development all the measures recommended in the report to control that risk. A copy of the report is to be provided to the Principal Certifying Authority with the application for a Construction Certificate.

Geotechnical and Structural Stability and Integrity

Prior to the commencement of works, the Applicant shall provide certification from a qualified Geotechnical and Structural Engineers stating that the proposed works are to have no negative impact on the rail corridor and associated rail infrastructure.

Demolition, Excavation and Construction Impacts

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate a Risk Assessment/Management Plan regarding any potential risk to or from the rail corridor and assets, and detailed Safe Work Method Statements (SWMS) for the proposed works are to be submitted to Sydney Trains for review and comment on the impacts on the rail corridor. The Principal Certifying Authority shall not issue the Construction Certificate until written confirmation has been received from Sydney Trains confirming that this condition has been satisfied.

Crane and Other Aerial Operations

If a crane is to be used at any stage of the proposed works, the following condition applies:

 Prior to the issuing of a Construction Certificate the Applicant is to submit to Sydney Trains a plan showing all craneage and other aerial operations for the development and must comply with all Sydney Trains requirements. The Principal Certifying Authority shall not issue the Construction Certificate until written confirmation has been received from Sydney Trains confirming that this condition has been satisfied.

Environmental Conditions

During all stages of the development, environmental legislation and regulations will be complied with.

During all stages of the development extreme care shall be taken to prevent environmental harm within the railway corridor. Any form of environmental harm to areas within the railway corridor or legislative non-compliance that arises as a consequence of the development activities shall remain the full responsibility of the Applicant.

During all stages of the development, extreme care shall be taken to prevent any form of pollution (including dust) entering the railway corridor. Any form of pollution that arises as a consequence of the development activities shall remain the full responsibility of the Applicant.

Physical Access to Sydney Trains Facilities

No work is permitted within the rail corridor, or its easements, at any time unless prior approval or an Agreement has been entered into with Sydney Trains. Where the Applicant proposes to enter the rail corridor, the Principal Certifying Authority shall not issue a Construction Certificate until written confirmation has been received from Sydney Trains confirming that its approval has been granted.

Consideration of Easements, and Licensing and Leasing of RailCorp Land

The Applicant shall provide details of any intended encroachment into RailCorp's easement or RailCorp owned lands, for review and approval by Sydney Trains.

RailCorp's Corridor Access Gate

The applicant shall not at any stage block the corridor access gate on Memorial Drive, and should make provision for easy and ongoing 24/7 access by rail vehicles, plant and equipment to support maintenance and emergency activities.

High Voltage Transmission Line

Sydney Trains advises they have 11kV and 33kV H/V aerial transmission lines near to this site and any works, scaffolding and crane movements within 6 metres of the nearest transmission line conductor must be discussed and approved by Sydney Trains beforehand.

In addition, all works within 6 metres of the nearest transmission line conductor must comply with:

- ISSC 20 Guideline for the Management of Activities within Electricity Easements and Close to Electricity Infrastructure.
- The Safe Approach Distances (SADs) in the Sydney Trains Document titled

"SMS-06-GD-0268 — Working Around Electrical Equipment".

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to satisfy the requirements of State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007 and ensure Sydney Trains requirements are met.

4. Submission of a Final Arts Plan

A Final Arts Plan is to be prepared and submitted to the Manager – Culture and Activiation for approval prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate. The Final Arts Plan is to be prepared in accordance with the Preliminary Arts Plan which forms part of this development consent.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure compliance with the culture and public art requirements of the Parramatta Development Control Plan 2011.

5. Amended parking layout plan

An amended parking layout plan addressing the following shall be submitted to and approved by Manager Engineering and Traffic prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate:

- a) Proposed carpark and other structures shall be a minimum 6.0m from the site boundary along the Duck Creek. Suitable details are to be provided to ensure all structures (inclusive of parking spaces) do not impact upon 6.0 metres to Manager Engineering and Traffic satisfaction.
- b) In relation to (a) above, any parking spaces lost are to be replaced elsewhere within the parking plan.

<u>Reason</u>:- to minimise the impact on the flow path.

6. Separate Consent for any Kitchen Facility Fit-out

A separate application for the fit out of any kitchen facilities on site is to be made to Council.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure any kitchen facilities have approval.

7. Landscape and Building Detail Revisions

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, revisions to the following are to be provided and approved by Manager Open Space Planning and Design;

- Revised Landscape Plan
- Play space area to be further refined in consultation with Council including barrier pool type fencing between the play space and road
- Revised Plan of Management for the Granville Memorial Park

In addition to the above, further treatments should be made to the proposed building with revised plans to be provided and approved by Manager Development Assessment addressing the following;

• Refining the finishes to Buildings (inclusive of presentation to the public park and presentation to Enid Avenue) - This may incorporate use of landscaping to

soften the built form.

- Retention of the Horse Trough
- Improvement of the landscape treatment along Duck Creek corridor
- Details of lighting and signage

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the development incorporates a unique and quality urban design outcome.

8. <u>Heritage Conservation Requirements</u>

The proposed development shall be generally undertaken in accordance with the conclusions and recommendations of the Statement of Heritage Impact, prepared by Extent Heritage P/L and dated 27 March 2018. This includes the recommendations as listed within part 9.2.1 and Option 1 of Part 9.2.2 of the report. All relevant documentation is to be prepared and submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure the proposed works does not have an adverse impact on the heritage item.

9. Archival Record - Photographic Survey

A black and white photographic survey, in accordance with the guidelines of the Heritage Council, is to be submitted prior to the release of the Construction Certificate. The photographic survey is to be submitted in an unbound report format, which is to contain:

- a) A front cover marked with:
 - i) the name/location of the property;
 - ii) the date of the survey;
 - iii) the name of the Company or persons responsible for the survey.
- b) A layout plan of the existing building; identifying rooms and features shown in the photographs.
- c) Photographs of the interior, exterior, and streetscape view of the building, labelled to indicate their location in relation to the layout plan and elevations of the building; and a set of negatives. All photographs are to be mounted in acid-free photographic corner mountings and photographs are to be fixed into acid-free corner mounting.
- d) Where colour is a feature of the building (for example, the building features stained glass, leadlight or polychrome brickwork), additional colour photographs (with negatives) are to be included in the photographic survey report.

These documents are to be remitted to Council for inclusion in the Local History Library.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to provide a historical record of the existing buildings on the site for archival purposes.

10. Works to Heritage Item

The proposed works are to be carried out in a manner that minimizes demolition,

alterations, and new penetrations/fixings to the significant fabric of the existing building, which is listed as a Heritage Item.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure proposal does not have an adverse impact on the Heritage Item.

11. Interpretation Strategy

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate an Interpretation Strategy for the site must be submitted to and approved by the Manager of Development Assessments and shall include, but is not limited to:-

- a) the provision of details, of public art interpretation through design and/or the display of selected artefacts and/or other material, appropriate to the education of the public in the history and significance of the site.
- b) the approved Interpretation Strategy shall be implemented to the satisfaction of the Manager of Development Assessments prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure that the proposal provides a heritage interpretation strategy for the heritage item.

12. ARCHEOLOGICAL DISCOVERY DURING EXCAVATION

Archaeological discovery during excavation or works shall comply with the following:

- (a) Should any historical relics be unexpectedly discovered on the site during excavation, all excavation or disturbance to the area is to stop immediately and the Heritage Council of NSW should be informed in accordance with section 146 of the *Heritage Act 1977*.
- (b) Should any Aboriginal relics be unexpectedly discovered then all excavation or disturbance of the area is to stop immediately and the National Parks and Wildlife Service is to be informed in accordance with Section 91 of the National Parks and Wildlife Act, 1974.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure Heritage Council and National Parks and Wildlife are informed of any archaeological materials.

13. **Demolition of buildings**

The building/s shall only be demolished in accordance with the requirements of AS 2601-2001 "The Demolition of Structures".

Amongst others, precautions to be taken shall include compliance with the requirements of the WorkCover Authority of New South Wales, including but not limited to:-

- a) Protection of site workers and the general public.
- b) Erection of hoardings where appropriate.
- c) Asbestos handling and disposal where applicable.
- d) Any disused service connections shall be capped off to Council's requirements.
- e) The disposal of refuse is to be to an approved waste disposal depot.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure protection of the public, environment and to uphold public health standards. This also complies with the requirements of clause 92 of the Environmental

Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

14. Display of a warning sign for soil and water management

Throughout the construction/remediation/demolition period, a warning sign for soil and water management must be displayed on the most prominent point of the building site, visible to both the street and site works.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure all building workers are aware of the need to maintain the sediment and erosion control devices.

15. Items not to be placed on roadway

The following items must not be placed on the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time:-

- a) Building materials, sand, waste materials or construction equipment;
- b) Bulk bins/waste skips/containers; or
- c) Other items that may cause a hazard to pedestrians.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the public is not inconvenienced, placed in danger and to prevent harm to the environment occurring.

16. Fencing of demolition sites – Rental of road reserve/footpath area

Public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied.

A temporary hoarding or fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5 metres). Hoardings or fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8 metres and be constructed of solid plywood sheeting (painted white) or of cyclone wire fencing with geotextile fabric attached to the inside of the fence, to provide dust control.

Hoardings or fences are to be structurally adequate and be constructed in a good and workmanlike manner and the use of poor quality materials or steel reinforcement mesh as fencing is not permissible.

The public safety provisions and temporary fences must be in place prior to the commencement of any demolition, excavation or building works and be maintained throughout construction.

NOTE: Should ANY part of the fence or hoarding encroach beyond the boundaries of the site, it will be necessary to make application to Council for rental of the road reserve/footpath area BEFORE the fence/hoarding is erected.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to provide protection to public places and to prevent unauthorised access to the site.

17. <u>Demolition – Lead Paint Disposal</u>

The demolition and disposal of materials incorporating lead such as lead paint and dustpaint shall be conducted in accordance with *AS2601-2001 Demolition of Structures*. Removal, cleaning and disposal of lead-based paint shall conform with relevant EPA guidelines including the *Lead Safe A renovator's guide to the dangers of lead*, NSW

EPA, 1998. Hazardous dust shall not be allowed to escape from the site. Any existing accumulations of dust (eg; ceiling voids and wall cavities) shall be removed by the use of an industrial vacuum fitted with a high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter. All dusty surfaces and dust created from work shall be suppressed by a fine water spray. Water shall not be allowed to enter the street and stormwater systems. Demolition shall not be performed during high winds, which may cause dust to spread beyond the site boundaries. Please note that Council may require testing to verify that the soil lead levels are below acceptable health criteria.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the disposal and demolition of materials incorporating lead is carried out in a safe manner in accordance with relevant regulations.

18. <u>Demolition – common sewerage system</u>

If the land to which the application relates is served by a common sewerage system that is also used by others, then measures must be placed in effect and prior to the commencement of work to ensure the operation of the sewerage system is without disruption to other joint users.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure demolition activities do not disrupt the operation of the sewerage system for other users of the system.

19. Demolisher Details

The demolisher/owner/applicant shall:-

- a) Lodge with Council, and at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to the commencement of work (due to the potential impact on Council's infrastructure):
 - i) Written notice, indicating the date when demolition of the building is to commence.
 - li) The demolisher's full name and address.
 - iii) Details of Public Liability Insurance.
- b) Comply with Australian Standard 2601 2001 "*Demolition of Structures*"; and,
- c) Have a current public liability/risk insurance, and policy details of such shall be submitted to Council for its records.
- d) Ensure that all possible/practicable steps are taken to prevent nuisance to the inhabitants of the surrounding neighbourhood from wind-blown dust, debris, noise and the like arising from the demolition works

This Consent shall not preclude the demolisher from giving notice to other statutory authorities, such as Sydney Water Corporation, WorkCover, etc.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure details of the demolisher are provided to Council and relevant safety requirements are met.

20. <u>Demolition Works – noise and vibration</u>

The following shall be compiled with:-

- a) Vibration levels induced by the demolition activities shall not exceed 1mm/sec peak particle velocity (ppv) when measured at the footing of any occupied building.
- b) Vibration levels induced by the demolition activities shall not exceed 3mmsec peak

particle velocity (ppv) when measured at the footing of any unoccupied building.

c) The upper noise level from the demolition operations measured over a period of 10 minutes must not exceed the background noise level by more than 10dB(A).

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure noise and vibration arising from the demolition works does not impact on the amenity of the surrounding area.

21. Asbestos

- a) In the event that asbestos is on a site or building under demolition or construction, WorkCover NSW is to be contacted to ascertain the appropriate response, to ensure the safety and protection of existing and future workers and residents. An Asbestos Removal Contractor licensed by WorkCover NSW is to handle/remove/transport and dispose of any products containing asbestos in a manner approved of by the Department of Environment and Conservation (DEC). Copies of tipping dockets are to be retained and able for viewing by Council officers on request.
- b) Asbestos material can only be disposed of at a landfill site nominated by Waste Services NSW for that purpose. An appointment must be made with Waste Services NSW to dispose of asbestos materials at the nominated landfill.
- c) Anyone who removes, repairs or disturbs bonded or a friable asbestos material must hold a current removal licence from Workcover NSW. Before starting work, a work site-specific permit approving each asbestos project must be obtained from Workcover NSW. A permit will not be granted without a current Workcover licence. All removal, repair or disturbance of or to asbestos material must comply with:
 - i) Work Health and Safety Act 2011;
 - ii) The Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011;
 - iii) Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
 - iv) Environmental Guidelines: Assessment, Classification and Management of Liquid and Non-Liquid Wastes, NSW EPA, May 1999
 - v) Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001.
 - vi) The Code of Practice for the Safe Removal of Asbestos [NOHSC: 2002 (1998)];
 - vii) The Guide to the Control of Asbestos Hazards in Buildings and Structures [NOHSC: 3002 (1998)] http://www.nohsc.gov.au ; and
 - viii) The Workcover NSW Guidelines for Licensed Asbestos Removal Contractors.

Note: The Code of Practice and Guide referred to above are known collectively as the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. They are specifically referenced in the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001 under Clause 259.

Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011, the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos are the minimum standards for asbestos removal work.

Council does not control or regulate the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. You should make yourself aware of the requirements by visiting http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au or one of Workcover NSW's offices for further advice.

d) In order to ensure safe handling of asbestos materials, the re-use or sale of

asbestos building materials is strictly prohibited.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure the safe handling, treatment and disposal of asbestos materials arising from the demolition/construction works.

22. Services to be capped

Prior to the commencement of demolition works, the applicant must ensure that utility services to the land upon which the building to be demolished stands, as well as the building itself, are terminated and capped in accordance with the requirements of supply authority, eg. Electricity-Supplier of Electricity to the subject premises, Gas-Supplier of Gas to the subject premises.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure all services are capped adequately.

23. Site to be kept in a clean condition

Upon completion of demolition works and if no new building works are commenced on site, the site shall be kept in a clean manner with landscaping and fencing to the satisfaction of Council.

<u>Reason</u>: to control soil erosion, and not have any unsightly views.

24. Neighbour 24 notification of commencement of demolition

Prior to the commencement of work the applicant shall provide 24 hours notice in writing to the neighbours adjoining and opposite the site of the intended time and date of the start of the demolition work.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure details of the demolisher are provided to neighbours.

25. Hazardous Building Materials Report

Prior to the demolition of any structures, any persons engaged to undertake demolition are required to read the *Hazardous Building Materials Report prepared by Douglas Partners (Project 86007.01) dated August 2017* and ensure that the recommendations of the report are followed.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure the demolition of buildings takes into consideration the recommendations of the Hazardous Building Materials Report.

26. Dial before you dig (advisory)

Dial Before You Dig is a free national community service designed to prevent damage and disruption to the vast pipe and cable networks which provides Australia with the essential services we use everyday – electricity, gas, communications and water.

Before you dig call "Dial before you dig" on 1100 (listen to the prompts) or facsimile 1300 652 077 (with your street no./name, side of street and the distance to the nearest cross street) or register on line at www.dialbeforeyoudig.com.au for underground utility services information for any excavation areas.

The Dial Before You Dig service is also designed to protect Australia's excavators. Whether you are a back yard renovator, an individual tradesman or a professional excavator the potential for injury, personal liability and even death exists every day. Obtaining accurate information about your work site significantly minimises these risks.

<u>*Reason*</u>: To ensure that essential services such as electricity, gas, communications and water are not affected by excavation or construction.

27. Tree Retention

All reasonable measures shall be undertaken to ensure that the existing trees on the site, and including street trees adjacent to the site, (other than any tree approved for removal by Council) are not damaged during the approved demolition works.

<u>Reason</u>: to protect trees in accordance with Council's Development Control Plan.

28. Submission of Construction Certificate

Construction works are not to commence until such time that a construction certificate for the proposed works has been issued by Council or an Accredited Certifier.

Where an Accredited Certifier issues a construction certificate, a copy of the following documents must be forwarded to Council within 2 days of issue, together with payment of the Council's adopted registration fee: determination; application to which it relates; construction certificate issued; plans and specifications; any fire safety schedule; and any other documents lodged with the certificate.

Any modification involving building works to the approved development made under Section 4.55 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended) requires the submission of an amended construction certificate.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Section 4.19, 6.6, 6.7, 6.12, 6.13, 6.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended) and clause 142 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

29. No alteration without prior Council approval

The completed building is not to be altered externally in character or colour without the prior consent of Council.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the external appearance of the development is not obtrusive or offensive and does not degrade the visual quality of the surrounding area.

30. Appointment of Principal Certifying Authority/Notice of Commencement of Work

Site works are not to commence until:-

- a) a construction certificate for the building work has been issued by the consent authority, and
- b) the person having the benefit of the development consent has:
 - i) appointed a principal certifying authority for the building work, and
 - ii) notified the principal certifying authority that the person will carry out the building work as an owner-builder, if that is the case, and
- b1) the principal certifying authority has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:-

- i) notified the consent authority and the council (if the council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment, and
- ii) notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- b2) the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an owner-builder, has:
 - i) appointed a principal contractor for the building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved, and
 - ii) notified the principal certifying authority of any such appointment, and
 - iii) unless that person is the principal contractor, notified the principal contractor of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- c) the person having the benefit of the development consent has given at least 2 days' notice to the council of the person's intention to commence the erection of the building.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Section 4.19, 6.6, 6.7, 6.12, 6.13, 6.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended).

31. Principal Certifying Authority

- 1) The person having the benefit of a development consent or complying development certificate for development involving building work or subdivision work may appoint the consent authority, the council or an accredited certifier as the principal certifying authority for the development.
- 1A) Despite subsection (1), such an appointment may not be made by any contractor or other person who will carry out the building work or subdivision work unless the contractor or other person is the owner of the land on which the work is to be carried out.
- 2) Despite subsection (1), an accredited certifier must not be appointed as the principal certifying authority for development involving subdivision work unless the subdivision to which the work relates is of a kind identified by an environmental planning instrument as one in respect of which an accredited certifier may be a certifying authority.
- 3) A principal certifying authority for building work or subdivision work to be carried out on a site is required to be satisfied:
 - a) that a construction certificate or complying development certificate has been issued for such of the building work or subdivision work as requires development consent and over which the principal certifying authority has control, before the work commences on the site, and
 - b) that the principal contractor for the work is the holder of the appropriate licence and is covered by the appropriate insurance, in each case if required by the *Home Building Act 1989*, before any residential building work over which the principal certifying authority has control commences on the site, unless the work is to be carried out by an owner-builder, and
 - c) that the owner-builder is the holder of any owner-builder permit required under the *Home Building Act 1989*, before an owner-builder commences on the site any residential building work over which the principal certifying

authority has control, and

- d) that building work or subdivision work on the site has been inspected by the principal certifying authority or another certifying authority on such occasions (if any) as are prescribed by the regulations and on such other occasions as may be required by the principal certifying authority, before the principal certifying authority issues an occupation certificate or subdivision certificate for the building or work, and
- e) that any preconditions required by a development consent or complying development certificate to be met for the work before the issue of an occupation certificate or subdivision certificate have been met, before the principal certifying authority issues the occupation certificate or subdivision certificate.
- 4) A principal certifying authority must also comply with such other requirements of a like or different nature as may be imposed on principal certifying authorities by the regulations.

<u>Reason</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Section 6.5 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended).

32. Provision of Street Numbers

A street number is to be displayed in a prominent position at the entrance to the premises. Numbers are to be of a colour contrasting with the wall to which they are affixed.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to clearly identify the street number of the property.

33. Compliance with the Building Code of Australia

All building work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure compliance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia and to comply with Clause 98 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

34. Disabled Access & Facilities

Access and facilities for people with disabilities must be provided in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Building Code of Australia (for all new building work) and in addition, with the relevant requirements of the 'Disability (Access to Premises – Building) Standards 2010' (including for existing buildings, whether or not any works are proposed). Details of the proposed access, facilities and car parking for people with disabilities are to be included in the plans/specifications for the **construction certificate**.

<u>Reason</u>: to ensure compliance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia

35. Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act

The Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992 commenced the 'Disability (Access for Premises – Buildings) Standards 2010' on 1 May 2011 and now applies to all new buildings and affected parts of existing buildings. Submission and/or approval of this application does not imply or confer compliance with either the Act or the new Access Standard. Applicants should satisfy themselves and make their own inquiries to

the Human Rights and Equal Opportunity Commission.

<u>*Reason*</u>: to provide advice on the requirements of the Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992

36. Replacement of Principal Certifying Authorities

Unless the relevant authority so approves in writing, a person may not be appointed to replace another person as the principal certifying authority for development.

A principal certifying authority appointed to replace another principal certifying authority must ensure that notice of the appointment and of the approval of that appointment is given to the consent authority (and, if the consent authority is not the council, to the council) within 2 days of the appointment.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Section 6.5 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended) and clause 162 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation.

37. Notice to Allow Inspections

To allow a principal certifying authority or another certifying authority time to carry out critical stage inspections or any other inspections required by the principal certifying authority, the principal contractor for a building site, or the owner-builder, must notify the principal certifying authority at least 48 hours before building work is commenced at the site if a critical stage inspection is required before the commencement of the work.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Clause 163 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation.

38. Erection of Signs

A rigid and durable sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out:-

- a) showing the name, address and telephone number of the principal certifying authority for the work, and
- b) showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
- c) stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.

Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.

Note: Principal certifying authorities and principal contractors must also ensure that signs required by this clause are erected and maintained (see clause 227A which currently imposes a maximum penalty of \$1,100.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Clause 98A and 136B of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulations.

39. **Remediation and validation**

The following shall be complied with in respect of remediation and validation works at

the property:

- a) Remediation and validation works shall be carried out in accordance with the approved Remediation Action Plan. The applicant shall inform Council in writing of any proposed variation to the remediation works. Council shall approve these variations in writing prior to the commencement of works. Please note that variations to the approved remediation works may require the submission to Council of a Section 96 Application or further Development Application pursuant to the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.
- b) After completion of the remedial works, a copy of the Validation Report shall be submitted to Council prior to the commencement of construction works. The Occupation Certificate shall not be issued until Council reviews and approves the final Validation Report. The validation report shall be prepared in accordance with the EPA guidelines, *Consulting Reporting on Contaminated Sites*, and shall:
 - i) Describe and document all works performed;
 - ii) Include results of validation testing and monitoring;
 - iii) Include validation results of any fill imported on to the site;
 - iv) Show how all agreed clean-up criteria and relevant regulations have been complied with; and
 - v) Include clear justification as to the suitability of the site for the proposed use and the potential for off-site migration of any residual contaminants.
 - c) Following the preparation of the validation report, Council may require that the applicant engage an accredited auditor under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* to review the Validation Report prepared by the contaminated land consultant and issue a Site Audit Statement. The accredited auditor shall consult with Council prior to finalising and issuing the Site Audit Statement. The Site Audit Statement should allow for soil access to occur as per the approved Remedial Action Plan.

The accredited auditor shall provide Council with a copy of the Site Audit Report and Site Audit Statement, **prior to the issuing of the Occupation Certificate**.

In circumstances where the SAS conditions (if applicable) are not consistent with the consent, the consent shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency and a Section 96 Application or further Development Application pursuant to the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* will be required.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the provisions of State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 – Remediation of Land and the Contaminated Land Management Act are complied with.

40. <u>Discovery of additional information during remediation, demolition or</u> <u>construction</u>

Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination shall be notified to the Council and the PCA immediately.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure Council is informed of any new information relevant to site conditions and site contamination associated with the development.

41. Off-site soil disposal

Any soil disposed of offsite shall be classified in accordance with the procedures in the

NSW EPA Environmental Guidelines: Assessment, Classification & Management of Liquid & Non-Liquid Wastes (1999).

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure soil disposed off-site is classified in accordance with relevant EPA requirements.

42. Further Environmental Reporting

At the conclusion of the remediation process a Validation Report is required to be prepared by a suitably qualified contamination consultant. The validation report is required to be prepared in accordance with the NSW EPA Guidelines for Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Sites and the National Protection of the Environment (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure (2013 Amendment). Additionally, the following is to be undertaken;

- 1. The preparation of a site specific Environmental Management Plan (EMP) following the validation of the remediation, by a suitably qualified environmental professional (if required); and
- 1. Implementation of the Acid Sulfate Soils Management Plan (ASSMP) throughout the construction works.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure all environmental considerations have been undertaken to demonstrate that the site is suitable for the proposed development.

43. Construction/Demolition Hours

Site works, building works and demolition works, including the delivery of materials or equipment to and from the property are to be carried out between the hours of 7.00 am and 6.00 p.m. only from Mondays to Fridays and between 8.00 am and 4.00 p.m. only on Saturdays. No construction works or deliveries for the construction are to take place on Sundays or public holidays.

Prior to commencement of any demolition or construction work the applicant is to erect signs on the site, which are clearly visible from the footpaths adjoining the site boundaries, which state the permitted construction/demolition hours. These signs must also state "Any instances of site works, building works, demolition works or deliveries outside the permitted hours can be reported to Cumberland Council on 8757 9000 during office hours or 0417-287-113 outside office hours".

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to reduce nuisance to the surrounding properties during the construction period.

44. Information required prior to the issue of Construction Certificate

The following documentation (where applicable) is to be submitted to Council or the accredited certifier, **prior to the granting of the construction certificate**:

- a) Detailed building plans and specifications containing sufficient information to verify that the completed building will comply with the Building Code of Australia.
- b) A list of any proposed fire safety measures provided in relation to the land or any existing building on the land *(not applicable to dwellings or outbuildings)*

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure that adequate information is submitted to enable assessment or that the development can proceed with the concurrence of others.

45. Infrastructure Fee

The infrastructure inspection fee in accordance with Councils Fees and Charges Schedule shall be paid prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

<u>*Reason*</u>: to contribute to the cost of inspection and identification of any damage to Council's infrastructure as a result of the development.

46. Maintain plans on-site

A copy of the construction certificate, the approved plans & specifications and development consent conditions must be kept on the site at all times and be available to the Council officers upon request.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure a record of the approved plans are readily available.

47. PCA – Inspection of works – general & site management

The building works are to be inspected by the principal certifying authority (or other suitably qualified person on behalf of the applicant if permitted by the PCA) to monitor compliance with Council's approval and the relevant standards of construction.

Documentary evidence of compliance with Council's approval and relevant standards of construction is to be maintained by the principal certifying authority.

Upon inspection of each stage of construction, the principal certifying authority (or other suitably qualified person on behalf of the applicant) is also required to ensure that adequate provisions are made for the following measures (*as applicable*), to ensure compliance with the terms of Council's approval:

- Sediment control measures
- Provision of perimeter fences or hoardings for public safety and restricted access to building sites.
- Maintenance of the public place free from unauthorised materials, waste containers or other obstructions.

ADVISORY NOTE

If Council is appointed as the PCA, the following critical inspections (as applicable to the development), must be arranged:

- a) Prior to the commencement of Building Works, ensure erosion controls PCA and the Builders signs are displayed and a temporary toilet is located on site.
- b) Subdivision works (including drainage lines and the construction of roadways)
- c) The pier holes before they are filled with concrete.
- d) The foundation material prior to covering.
- e) The steelwork when in position and before concrete is poured (footings, lintels, beams, columns, floors, walls, retaining walls or the like).
- f) The dampcourse level, ant capping and floor timbers before the floor materials are laid.
- g) The framework including roof members when completed and prior to the fixing of any internal sheets.
- *h) Prior to covering waterproofing in any wet area.*
- *i)* Fire resisting construction before concealment.
- j) Upper floor beams and joists before the fixing of any flooring material.

- *k)* The rainwater drainage lines within the property boundaries when completed and before covering.
- *I)* The swimming pool safety fence prior to filling the pool with water.
- m) Foundation material before installation of the swimming pool or laying of any bedding material.
- *n)* Pool shell reinforcement including pool coping.
- o) Final inspection

A minimum of 48 hours notice must be provided to Council to enable the following inspections to be carried out during the course of construction

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the development is adequately monitored during the construction phase.

48. Items not to be placed on roadway

The following items must not be placed on the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time:-

- a) Building materials, sand, waste materials or construction equipment;
- b) Bulk bins/waste skips/containers; or
- c) Other items that may cause a hazard to pedestrians.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the public is not inconvenienced, placed in danger and to prevent harm to the environment occurring.

49. Sign to be erected concerning unauthorised entry to the site

A sign must be erected in a prominent position stating that unauthorised entry to the site is not permitted. The sign must also name the builder or other person responsible for the site and a telephone number at which the builder or other person can be contacted outside working hours. Where Council is not the Principal Certifying Authority, the sign shall also display the name and contact details of the nominated Principal Certifying Authority. The sign is to be removed when the building works have been completed.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to restrict public access to the site and to provide suitable contact details in a clear and conspicuous position.

50. Toilet accommodation for people working at the site

Suitable toilet accommodation is to be provided at the work site at all times. If temporary toilet accommodation is proposed, it must:-

- Have a hinged door capable of being fastened from both inside and outside,
- Be constructed of weatherproof material,
- Have a rigid and impervious floor; and
- Have a receptacle for, and supply of, deodorising fluid.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure suitable toilet accommodation is provided for workers.

51. Survey Report

A Registered Surveyors check survey certificate is to be forwarded to the Principal Certifying Authority (and a copy is to be forwarded to the Council, if the Council is not the principal certifying authority), detailing compliance with Council's approval at the

following stage/s of construction:

- a) Prior to construction of the first completed floor/floor slab (prior to pouring of concrete), showing the area of land, building and boundary setbacks and verifying that the building is being constructed at the approved levels.
- b) On completion of the erection of the building showing the area of the land, the position of the building and boundary setbacks and verifying that the building has been constructed at the approved levels.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure each stage of the development complies with the approved plans.

52. Excavated and Filled Areas

All excavated and filled areas shall be battered to a slope not steeper than two (2) horizontal to one (1) vertical and the fill area shall continue a minimum of one metre past the edge of the house, or similarly be retained in accordance with a retaining wall detail approved by Council. In the event that the retaining wall exceeds 600 mm when measured vertically from the base of the cut, the wall shall be designed by a practicing Structural Engineer, the details submitted to Council, and approved prior to work commencing.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to adequately retain excavated and filled areas and prevent soil movement, which may be detrimental to the subject or adjoining premises.

53. Fencing of Construction Sites – Rental details to be provided to the PCA

Public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied.

A temporary hoarding or fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5 metres). Hoardings or fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8 metres and be constructed of solid plywood sheeting (painted white) or of cyclone wire fencing with geotextile fabric attached to the inside of the fence, to provide dust control.

Hoardings or fences are to be structurally adequate and be constructed in a good and workmanlike manner and the use of poor quality materials or steel reinforcement mesh as fencing is not permissible.

The public safety provisions and temporary fences must be in place prior to the commencement of any demolition, excavation or building works and be maintained throughout construction.

NOTE: Should ANY part of the fence or hoarding encroach beyond the boundaries of the site, it will be necessary to:-

- Make payment to Council for the rental of the road reserve area in accordance with Council's adopted charges (per metre per month minimum 3 months) BEFORE the fence/hoarding is erected.
- Supply evidence that the road reserve rental fee has been paid to the PCA and to any authorised Council officer.
- Comply with Council's specifications for the erection of Class A Hoardings.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to provide protection to public places and to prevent unauthorised access to the site.

54. Sedimentation Control

Prior to the commencement of site works, the following measures are to be implemented on the site to assist with sedimentation control during the construction phase of the project:-

- a) A dish shaped diversion drain or similar structure will be constructed above the proposed building works to divert run-off to a stable discharge area such as dense ground cover. This diversion drain is to be lined with turf or otherwise stabilised.
- b) A sediment-trapping fence using a geotechnical fabric specifically designed for such purpose and installed to manufacturer's specifications is to be placed below the construction area.
- c) Vegetation and/or existing building structures will be cleared from the construction site only, other areas to remain undisturbed.
- d) Restricting vehicle access to one designated point and having these driveways adequately covered at all times with blue metal or the like.
- e) A vehicle wheel wash, cattle grid, wheel shaker or other appropriate device, shall be installed prior to commencement of any site works or activities, to prevent mud and dirt leaving the site and being deposited on the street.
- f) Building operations such as brick cutting, washing tools or brushes and mixing mortar are not permitted on public roadways or footways or in any other locations which could lead to the discharge of materials into the stormwater drainage system.
- g) Stockpiles of topsoil, sand, aggregate, soil or other material shall not be located on any drainage line or easement, natural watercourse, footpath or roadway and shall be protected with adequate sediment controls.
- h) The installation of gutters, downpipes, and the connection of downpipes to the stormwater disposal system prior to the fixing of the roof cladding.

Such measures are to be maintained at all times to the satisfaction of Council and the PCA. Failure to do so may result in the issue of penalty infringement notices.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to minimise soil erosion and control sediment leaving the site during construction and to prevent water pollution from occurring.

55. Display of a warning sign for soil and water management

Throughout the construction/remediation/demolition period, a warning sign for soil and water management must be displayed on the most prominent point of the building site, visible to both the street and site works.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure all building workers are aware of the need to maintain the sediment and erosion control devices.

56. Excavations extending below the base of footings of adjoining development

Where excavations extend below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land, the person causing the excavation must preserve and protect the building from damage and, if necessary, underpin and support the adjoining building in an approved manner. The person causing the excavation must give the owner of the adjoining property at least seven (7) days written notice of its intention to

excavate below the level of the base of the footing. The person must also furnish the adjoining property owner with particulars of the proposed work.

Reason:- to ensure the support for neighbouring buildings.

57. Sediment Removal from Vehicle Wheels – Large sites

A vehicle wheel wash, cattle grid, wheel shaker or other appropriate device, shall be installed in accordance with the Soil and Water Management Plan, prior to commencement of any site works or activities, to prevent mud and dirt leaving the site and being deposited on the street.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure suitable controls are in place prior to any works commencing to prevent water pollution from occurring.

58. <u>Fencing of construction sites – Rental details to be provided to the PCA (A & B</u> <u>Type Hoardings)</u>

A separate application is to be made to Council for Approval under Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 to erect any hoarding or scaffolding in a public place and such application is to include:

- A payment to Council for the following fees in accordance with Council's adopted charges:
 - Hoarding/Structure Application Fee
 - Rental of Footpath Area (per metre per month minimum 3 months rental)
 - Footpath Bond
- Submit the following documents to Council with your application:
 - Certificate of Currency for Public Liability Insurance
 - Certificate of Currency for Worker's Compensation Insurance
 - Letter indemnifying Council against claims and expenses made in relation to the existence of the structure and/or traffic provisions
 - Traffic/Pedestrian Control Plan
 - In respect to any required Type B Hoarding, structural certification prepared and sign by an appropriately qualified practising Structural Engineer
- Comply with Council's specifications for the erection of Class A Hoardings.
- Supply evidence to the PCA and to any authorised Council officer that the road reserve rental fee has been paid.

Note: Public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied.

A temporary hoarding or fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5 metres). Hoardings or fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8 metres and be constructed of solid plywood sheeting (painted white) or of cyclone wire fencing with geotextile fabric attached to the inside of the fence, to provide dust control.

Note: A "B Class" overhead type hoarding is required to be provided to protect the public, located adjacent to the development, prior to the commencement of any works on the site which comprise:

- Any works or hoisting of materials over a public footway or adjoining premises, or
- Any building or demolition works on buildings which are over 7.5 metres in height

and located within 3.6 metres of the street alignment.

Hoardings or fences are to be structurally adequate and be constructed in a good and workmanlike manner and the use of poor quality materials or steel reinforcement mesh as fencing is not permissible.

The public safety provisions and temporary fences must be in place prior to the commencement of any demolition, excavation or building works and be maintained throughout construction. Details of the proposed hoardings or fences located upon the site are to be submitted to the PCA and the public safety provision and temporary fences must be in place prior to the commencement of any site works, demolition, excavation or building works and maintained throughout construction.

<u>*Reason:*</u> to provide protection to public places, prevent unauthorised access to the site and a safe working environment.

59. Noise from construction activities

Noise from construction activities associated with the development shall comply with the NSW Interim Construction Noise Guidelines (DECCW) 2009.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure noise arising from construction activities is in accordance with relevant legislation and Environment Protection Authority requirements.

60. Operational Management Plan

An operational management plan is to be prepared and submitted to Manager – Development Assessment for approval prior to the issuing of an Occupation Certificate for the development. The operational management plan is to incorporate usage details of all proposed operations undertaken on the site, including the library, art gallery, multipurpose halls/workshops/studios, outdoor recreation facilities(indoor and outdoor) and café kiosk. The operational management plan is to incorporate expected/maximum patrons, hours of operation, breakdown of classes (if any) and security measures that would be installed so as to facilitate any afterhours use and patron management when exiting and entering the site.

The operation of the development is to be consistent with the proposed hours of operation which form part of this consent.

Traffic management should also form part of this plan and should detail the traffic management associated with each use within the facility. A travel plan and associated parking management procedure is also to be prepared to facilitate any large event that may occur within the subject site.

The operational management plan should also incorporate a waste management plan, complaints register/procedure and emergency excavation plan to assist in the day to the day operations of the site.

Once endorsed, a copy of this plan should be made available to emergency services so as to ensure the safety of the staff/persons utilising the centre.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure the centre is managed in a satisfactory manner.

61. Hours of operation

The hours of operation of the development are limited to 7.00 a.m. to 12 a.m. (Midnight)

Monday to Sunday.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to limit the operating hours of the development so as to reduce the likely nuisance on adjoining development.

62. Use of building not to commence until conditions of consent satisfied

The use of the premises is not to commence until all terms of this consent have been satisfied.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure compliance with the terms of the development consent.

63. Removal of litter and graffiti:

In addition to Council's street sweeping and cleansing operations, the owner/manager of the building shall ensure that the footpath, gutter, building entry and surrounds are kept clean and clear of litter at all times.

The owner of the building shall also be responsible for the prompt removal of any graffiti from the building.

<u>Reason</u>:- to maintain a satisfactory level of amenity in the locality.

64. CCTV Camera System

The Management/Licensee shall install CCTV surveillance cameras in and around the premises, placed in strategic places such as the external entrance and exit doors. The surveillance tapes shall be kept for a period of 14 days for viewing by the police upon request.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure that the use provides adequate visual surveillance and adequate records for the NSW Police to peruse is required.

65. Target hardening strategies to reduce crime

The following target hardening strategies shall be undertaken on site to assist in the reduction of crime in the locality:-

- a) CCTV digital cameras shall be installed in and around the premises, particularly at the entry and exit points to assist police to identify offenders of crime.
- b) Warning signs strategically posted in and around the premises to warn intruders of the security measures.
- c) Additional lightning be installed in and around the premises to act as a deterrent for crime. The lighting shall be installed in accordance with the Australian Standards 1158.3 1999.
- d) The main entry/exit points are to be fitted with single cylinder locksets (Australia and New Zealand Standards Locksets) which comply with the Building Code of Australia.

The details shall be shown in the construction plans for approval by Council or the Accredited Certifier prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to reduce the incidence of late night crime in the locality and to improve public safety late at night.

66. Lighting to publicly accessible areas

The following lighting requirements shall be complied with:

- a) The public areas shall be provided with lighting to ensure pedestrian safety. Such lighting shall be at a minimum level of 10 lux in the horizontal and vertical plane.
- b) Details of the lighting is to be submitted for the approval of the Principal Certifying Authority prior to issue of the Construction Certificate and location of the lighting endorsed on the construction drawings.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure publicly accessible areas of the development are provided with sufficient illumination.

67. Lighting – external flood lights

Exterior wall mounted flood lights shall be illuminated to a maximum level of between 25 and 50 lux at ground level. Should any substantive complaints be received or should the proposed lighting have an adverse impact on residential amenity, Council reserves the right to request modifications to the lighting arrangements.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure that external lighting does not result in any adverse impact on surrounding properties, including residential land.

68. Cleaning of facade

The owner/manager of the building shall ensure that all windows on the facade, and the facade itself, of the premises are cleaned regularly and, in any event, not less than twice in an annual period.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure regular maintenance and cleaning to the exterior of the premises.

69. Paving Selection

Selection of paving for use within the development shall give consideration to materials that reduce glare and minimise surface runoff.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure appropriate paving selection within the development as required by Council's Development Control Plan.

70. <u>Tree Protection – significant trees</u>

a) Prior to the commencement of any works on the site, a Tree Protection Zone (TPZ) shall be established around all trees, including street trees, which are to be retained in accordance with the approved plans. The TPZ shall extend to a radius that is 10 times the diameter of the trunk of each tree. The measurement of the trunk shall be taken 1.5m from ground level.

The area shall be enclosed with a protective fencing consisting of 1.8m high fully supported chainmesh. Tree Protection Zone signage is to be attached to protective fencing, this must include the name and contact details of the site arborist. Signs shall be attached to all fencing stating that the area is a 'No Go Zone' and show the site arborist's name and contact details. Unless an area is already covered by a hard surface, the area enclosed by the TPZ is to be kept weed/ grass free and be mulched to a depth of 100mm with an approved mulch.

b) All activities not related to tree maintenance are not to be conducted within the

TPZ. The area is not to be used for the storage of materials, stockpiling, siting of work sheds, preparation of mixes, cleaning of tools or equipment, pedestrian or vehicular activity, including parking. Original soil levels within the TPZ shall not be changed, except where Council approval has been granted for cut or fill within a TPZ, and in this case the work shall be supervised by the appointed Site Arborist.

Refuelling and/ or the maintenance of machinery and equipment is not permitted within 10 metres of any TPZ. The washing down of machinery, chemical, concrete or cement handling equipment or the storage of chemicals is not permitted within 10 metres of any TPZ.

Placement of any underground services shall not take place within any TPZ. Where this is not possible, tunnelling or boring shall be used. Where tunnelling or boring is not possible, all excavation shall be carried out by hand. Any works within the TPZ shall be supervised by the appointed site arborist.

All approved works to trees must be carried out by a suitably qualified arborist and in accordance with Australian Standard 4373-1996 "*Pruning of Amenity Trees*".

Roots with a diameter of 40mm or larger encountered during excavation works outside the TPZ shall be cleanly cut in accordance with accepted arboriculture practices.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- To ensure protection of existing street trees and trees on the site.

71. Amended plans and flood report

<u>Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate</u> amended architectural plans and electronic copy of the flood modelling addressing the following shall be submitted to and approved by Council's **Manager Technical Assessment**:

- a) Vehicles within car parking spaces located within 100 year flood zone will float during the 100 year ARI flooding. The matter shall be addressed. In this regard detail design and engineer's certification shall be submitted.
- b) Proposed carpark and other structures shall be minimum 6.0m from the site boundary along the Duck Creek.
- c) Flood advice letter from Cumberland Council shall be incorporated in the flood report.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure development complies with Council's DCP and to ensure flood report and architectural plans are updated.

72. <u>Clearance to Council's stormwater pipe</u>

<u>Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate</u> amended addressing the following shall be submitted to and approved by Council's **Manager Technical Assessment**:

a) Existing Council's stormwater pipe detail within the subject site shall be annotated on the plan in order to ensure that proposed structures are clear of the stormwater pipe and associated easements. No buildings will be allowed over the Council's pipe or associated easements.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure development is clear of Council stormwater pipes and associated easements.

73. Hydraulic engineering design certificate

A written verification from suitably qualified hydraulic engineer shall be obtained, stating that

- a) Construction certificate plans comply with approved Flood Study Report.
- b) The development has no adverse impact on flood levels and/or adjoining properties.

<u>Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate</u> the written verification shall be submitted to and approved by Principal Certifying Authority

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure construction plans comply with the flood report.

74. Hydraulic engineering construction certificate

A written verification from suitably qualified hydraulic engineer shall be obtained, stating that

- a) Development complies with approved Flood Study Report.
- a) The development has no adverse impact on flood levels and/or adjoining properties.

<u>Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate</u> the written verification shall be submitted to and approved by Principal Certifying Authority.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure construction comply with the flood report.

75. Flood Risk Management

Subject development shall comply with Table 2.4.2.1.2 of Parramatta City Council's Development Control Plan 2011. In this regard,

- a) Supporting documents shall be prepared in order to ensure that the development complies with the controls for medium flood risk precinct nominated in Table 2.4.2.1.2 of Parramatta City Council's Development Control Plan 2011.
- b) Details shall be submitted to and approved by Principal Certifying Authority <u>prior to</u> <u>the issue of any Construction Certificate.</u>

<u>Reason</u>:- to reduce flood risk to the people and properties.

76. Flood evacuation Management

The building must be designed and certified by a suitably qualified practicing engineer to ensure the building does not fail due to flooding.

A Flood Evacuation & Management Plan must also be prepared by a suitably qualified professional.

The design and certification of the building and the Flood Evacuation & Management Plan must be prepared and submitted with the application for a Construction Certificate to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- To ensure the structure can withstand flooding events.

77. Flood Evacuation

An evacuation report and procedure shall be prepared by an appropriate consulting

engineer. This report is to demonstrate how the occupants of the development will egress the site in the early stages of a storm event, together with how they will seek refuge in a peak stormwater event (i.e. first floor of the building etc.). The report shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of the Occupation Certificate. A copy of the report shall be attached to the Occupation Certificate when forwarded to Council.

<u>Reason</u>:- To make property owners/residents aware of the procedure in the case of flood

78. Floodplain access control

'Pool type' vertical bar fencing and access gates, all to Australian Standards, shall be installed and maintained in perpetuity to prevent casual access by children to any of the ground levels of the site adjacent to Duck Creek. Maintenance of this fencing shall be the subject of covenants and instruments in terms satisfactory to Council which shall be placed on the title of the subject land prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- Protection of public safety and property, securing the safety of residents and managing risk from flooding

79. Flood warning system

The carpark must include a flood warning alarm system activated by a float valve. Details must be provided with the Construction Certificate plans and documentation to the satisfaction of the Certifying Authority.

The property owner/body corporate is to ensure the warning system is in good working order, through regular testing and maintenance.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- To ensure the flood warning system is installed and maintained.

80. Stormwater disposal

Stormwater disposal to Sydney Water's drainage system shall be approved by Sydney Water. In this regard, **prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate**,

- a) Written approval shall be obtained from Sydney Water for the proposed works that are affecting the Sydney Water assets/easement.
- b) The approval shall be submitted to and approved by Principal Certifying Authority

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure Sydney Water approval is obtained for works within Sydney Water asset prevent

81. <u>Stamping of development application plans by Sydney Water</u>

The approved development application plans must be submitted to a Sydney Water Customer Centre to determine whether the development complies with Sydney Water requirements.

In this regard, **prior to issue any construction certificate** Principal Certifying Authority shall ensure that Sydney Water requirements have been complied and Sydney Water has appropriately stamped the plans.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the development does not damage or interfere with Sydney Water's infrastructure.

82. Raised threshold works and approval

Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate, a detailed plan showing the proposed raised threshold in Enid Avenue shall be prepared in consultation with Council.

Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, construction of raised threshold in Enid Avenue shall be completed at no cost to Council.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure proposed raised threshold in Enid Avenue is constructed to Council's requirement if is approved as part of this consent.

83. Stormwater disposal

Stormwater runoff generated from the development shall be discharged by gravity system as per approved plans.

Stormwater disposal to Sydney Water's drainage system shall be approved by Sydney Water. In this regard, **prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate**,

- a) Written approval shall be obtained from Sydney Water for the proposed works that are affecting the Sydney Water assets/easement.
- b) The approval shall be submitted to and approved by Principal Certifying Authority

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to prevent localised flooding and to ensure Sydney Water approval is obtained for works within Sydney Water assets

84. On street drainage design

Prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate a detail design for the proposed connection to existing Council's stormwater pipe shall be submitted and approved by Cumberland Council's Manager Engineering and Traffic. In this regard,

- a) A longitudinal section, of the proposed 750mm diameter pipe, showing the exact depth and location of all the services within the area of the proposed works shall be submitted.
- b) Existing pit and pipe levels shall be verified and annotated on the plan.
- c) Kerb inlet pit shall be minimum 1.2m from the driveway/layback.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure Council's assets are designed to Council's requirements.

85. On street drainage construction

Prior to the commencement of any works the street drainage works shall be completed to Council's satisfaction at no cost to Council. In this regard,

- a) Separate construction approval shall be obtained from Council's Engineering Section.
- b) Inspections will be required for the works related to the proposed connection to

Council's stormwater drainage system at following stages:

- i) After the excavation of pipeline trenches.
- i) After the laying of all pipes prior to backfilling.
- ii) After the completion of all pits and connection points.
- c) A minimum of 48 hours' notice shall be given to Council to inspect works. Inspections may be arranged by telephoning Council's Engineering Section during office hours.
- d) Work is not to proceed until the works are inspected and approved by Council.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure Council's assets are constructed to Council's requirements.

86. <u>Submission of full stormwater disposal details</u>

Full stormwater drainage details showing the proposed method of stormwater collection and disposal are to be submitted to Council or the Accredited Certifier to ensure the approved stormwater plans are incorporated with the Construction Certificate.

The details shall be prepared by a suitably qualified person and must be in accordance with the relevant Development Control Plan Stormwater Drainage Guidelines and "Australian Rainfall & Runoff 1987". In this regard,

- i. The proposed stormwater system shall be generally in accordance with the stormwater concept plans 17A34_DA_C000 to 17A34_DA_C251 dated 23. 03. 2018 prepared by Henry & Hymas.
- i. Stormwater runoff from access ways will have to undergo some form of industrial standard primary treatment/separation prior to disposal into existing stormwater systems. In this regard, stormwater treatment device capable of removing litter, oil, grease and sediment shall be provided prior to discharge to the stormwater system.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the stormwater is suitably discharged.

87. Structural Engineering Certificate

The applicant shall submit a structural engineer's certificate of adequacy verifying that the works as detailed on the approved plans for the storage tank have been completed under his/her supervision and that the design is adequate to support the anticipated design loads. The certificate shall be submitted to Council with the works-as-executed plan.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the construction is structurally adequate.

88. Water Reuse

The stormwater generated from the roof area shall be reused for the irrigation of the landscape area within the subject development site.

Full details of the Water reuse facilities shall be submitted to Council or the Accredited Certifier with the Construction Certificate.

On completion, a certificate from a registered plumber shall be submitted for the pipe

network. The certification shall indicate the water reuse system has been installed in accordance with the approved water reuse design plans.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the water reuse facilities within the development are constructed and maintained in good working order.

89. <u>Stormwater disposal – permeable pavers</u>

On-site stormwater detention storage is to be provided in conjunction with the stormwater disposal. The storage is to comply with Council's on-site stormwater detention parameters. Where multiple detention basins with differing top water levels are used, the basins must be routed to the outlet pit independent of each other.

A positive covenant under Section 88E of the Conveyancing Act is to be created on the title of the property detailing the permeable paving system incorporated in the development. The wording of the instrument is to be submitted and approved by Council prior to lodgement at the NSW Land Registry Services. Evidence confirming the positive covenant has been registered shall be submitted to Council **prior to occupation of the building or issue of the occupation certificate.**

Work as executed plan(s) and engineers' certifications shall be submitted to and approved by Council prior to the endorsement of Positive Covenant.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to prevent localised flooding by ensuring the detention system is maintained as designed.

90. Maintenance schedule – Permeable Paving System

Prior to the issue of the occupation certificate, a maintenance schedule of the proposed Permeable Paving system, shall be submitted to Council for approval with the stormwater work-as executed plan. This maintenance schedule shall be registered as part of the positive covenant.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure the permeable paving system is in good working order

91. Engineer Certificate for pump

A certificate from a practising hydraulic engineer verifying that the stormwater pump installation and the design with the executed levels shall be submitted to the Council with the work as executed plan prior to the release of Occupation Certificate.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure the system has been constructed Council's standards and specifications.

92. Footpath Construction – Memorial Drive

The footpath adjoining Memorial Drive frontage shall be reconstructed in accordance with the Council's Standard footpath construction requirements. Site boundary line levels shall be raised to the boundary line levels, with satisfactory end-transitions provided.

• Detail footpath design shall be submitted and approved by Council's Works and Services section <u>prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.</u>

- Street boundary levels obtained from Council shall be incorporated in the design.
- The details of construction requirements shall be requested from the Council prior to

commencement of construction.

- Formwork inspection and footpath inspection shall be carried out by Council.
- All associated cost shall be borne by the applicant.
- The footpat shall be constructed at the completion of works and finished to the satisfaction of Council prior to the issue of an Occupation certificate.
- All associated cost shall be borne by the applicant

<u>Reason</u>:- to provide a safe footpath for increased pedestrian use and one that will complement the Cumberland Council requirements

93. Footpath Construction – Enid Avenue

The footpath adjoining Enid Avenue frontage shall be reconstructed in accordance with the Council's Standard footpath construction requirements. Site boundary line levels shall be raised to the boundary line levels, with satisfactory end-transitions provided.

• Detail footpath design shall be submitted and approved by Council's Works and Services section <u>prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.</u>

• Street boundary levels obtained from Council shall be incorporated in the design.

• The details of construction requirements shall be requested from the Council prior to commencement of construction.

- Formwork inspection and footpath inspection shall be carried out by Council.
- All associated cost shall be borne by the applicant.

• The footpat shall be constructed at the completion of works and finished to the satisfaction of Council prior to the issue of an Occupation certificate.

• All associated cost shall be borne by the applicant

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to provide a safe footpath for increased pedestrian use and one that will complement the Cumberland Council requirements

94. Work-as-Executed Plan

Prior to occupation of the building or issue of the occupation certificate, two (2) copies of the Works-as-Executed (W.A.E.) Plan prepared by a registered surveyor and certified by the design engineer shall be submitted to Principal Certifying Authority. Copy of the documents shall be submitted to Council if Council is not the Principal Certifying Authority. Works-As-Executed stormwater plans are to address the following:

- a) The Work-As-Executed plans are prepared on the copies of the approved drainage plans issued with the Construction Certificate with the variations marked in red ink.
- b) The Work-As-Executed plans have been prepared by a registered surveyor certifying the accuracy of dimensions, levels, storage volumes, etc.
- c) Certificate of Hydraulic Compliance from a qualified drainage / hydraulic engineer.

The above requirement shall be submitted to and approved by Council prior to Council endorse the Positive Covenant documents.

<u>*Reason:*</u> To ensure works comply with approved plans and adequate information is available for Council.

95. Reinstatement of footpath and footpath crossing

The footpath and footpath crossing/s adjacent to the property shall be reinstated by Council at the completion of works with all costs being borne by the developer. Alternatives to the pre-payment for this work will be considered if written request is made to Council.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the footpath and the footpath crossings are repaired from any damage caused during the construction phase.

96. Vehicle Driveway Crossings and Gutter Laybacks

Arrangements shall be made with Council for the prepaid construction of vehicular crossings and gutter laybacks at all property entrances and exits, and for the removal of all disused driveway crossings and gutter laybacks. Alternatives to the pre-payment for this work will be considered if written request is made to Council. The gutter crossing and/or the removal of any redundant crossings must be constructed to the satisfaction of Council (and to the Council's specifications including payment of any required bonds) or the prepayment made to Council for Council to carry out the work, prior to the issue of any occupation certificate.

Removal of obstructions, such as power poles, trees, drainage pits and the like shall be carried out at the applicant's expense.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure that works are carried out in accordance with Council's standard.

97. Carrying capacity of driveways – Heavy duty

Suitable heavy-duty driveway crossings are to be installed at all ingress/egress points to the property at the applicant's cost by Council. Alternatives to the pre-payment for this work will be considered if written request is made to Council. The gutter crossing and/or the removal of any redundant crossings must be constructed to the satisfaction of Council (and to the Council's specifications including payment of any required bonds) or the prepayment made to Council for Council to carry out the work, prior to the issue of any occupation certificate.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the driveways can support the expected weight of heavy vehicles likely to frequent the site.

98. Street boundary levels

Street boundary levels for vehicle access and drainage purposes are to be obtained at the applicant's cost from Council's Service Planning Department prior to commencement of any works. These levels are to be incorporated in all drainage submissions required under this determination.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the correct levels are obtained and used for the development.

99. Road opening permit

Prior to commencement of any work on Council roads and footpaths, a road-opening permit shall be obtained from Council's Service Planning Department.

Reason:- to safeguard Council property against damage.

100. Restoration works

Prior to commencement of any excavation work on Council roads or footpaths, the applicant shall pay for all restoration costs. The area of restoration shall be determined on site between the applicant or its contractor and Council's Contracts & Maintenance Engineer.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure that Council's infrastructure is maintained in a safe and trafficable manner.

101. Redundant driveway

<u>Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate</u>, redundant driveway shall be removed and replaced with footpath and kerb & gutter at no cost to Council. Nature strip area also be restored at applicants cost.

Arrangements shall be made with Council's Service Planning Department for the prepaid for the removal of all disused driveway crossings and gutter laybacks. Alternatives to the pre-payment for this work will be considered if written request is made to Council.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure Council's assets are restored in accordance with Council's standard.

102. Works within Council controlled lands

- 1) For drainage works:
 - a) Within Council controlled lands.
 - b) Connecting to Council's stormwater drainage system.

Inspections will be required:-

- i. After the excavation of pipeline trenches.
- ii. After the laying of all pipes prior to backfilling.
- iii. After the completion of all pits and connection points.
- 2) A minimum of 48 hours' notice shall be given to Council to inspect works. Inspections may be arranged by telephoning Council's Works and Services Section during office hours.
- 3) Work is not to proceed until the works are inspected and approved by Council.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure works on public/Council controlled lands are carried out as per Council's requirements.

103. Footpath /Nature strip maintenance during and after construction

The footpath and nature strip within the street frontages shall be maintained during the period of construction to Council's satisfaction.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure pedestrian safety during the construction period.

104. Surface runoff

Allowances shall be made for surface runoff from adjacent properties, and to retain existing surface flow path systems through the site. Any redirection or treatment of these flows shall not adversely affect any other property.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to prevent adverse impact on adjoining properties.

105. Sediment control

Temporary measures shall be provided in accordance with the NSW Department of Housing, Managing Urban Stormwater, Soils and Construction Manual dated March 2004 and regularly maintained during demolition, excavation and construction to prevent sediment and polluted waters discharging from the site.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure sediment and erosion controls are maintained during the construction process to prevent water pollution from occurring.

106. Service relocation / Adjustment

The applicant shall locate any utility services affected by the proposal and shall be responsible for any damage to, or relocation of services required by the proposal including adjustment to the levels of pit lids etc. All works shall be carried out to the satisfaction of the relevant Authority or Council.

All the costs shall be borne by the applicant.

<u>Reason</u>:- to protect utility services

107. Traffic Management

A traffic management plan shall be submitted to and approved by Council for all demolition, excavation and construction activities associated with the development **prior** to commencement of work.

<u>Reason</u>:- to minimise the impact on street traffic.

108. Car parking to Comply with Approved Details

The area set aside for the parking of vehicles, and so delineated on the plan prepared by dwp and endorsed plan Drawing No DA101 dated 23.03.2018 Rev 1, shall not be used for any other purpose.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the car parking area is not used for purposes other than the parking of cars associated with the use.

109. Vehicles Driven in Forward Direction

All vehicles must be driven in a forward direction at all times when entering or leaving the premises.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to preserve and enhance the safe operation of the car parking area.

110. Loading and Unloading of Vehicles

All deliveries to and from the site are to be conducted from vehicles standing within designated loading areas and not on access driveways, car parking spaces or landscaped areas.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure delivery vehicles do not obstruct these designated areas of the site.

111. Arrangements for Electricity – Endeavour Energy

Satisfactory arrangements are to be made with Endeavour Energy for the provision of services to and within the subject land. Written evidence of such arrangements shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority (Council or accredited certifier) prior to the issue of the construction certificate.

NOTE: Prior to works commencing, the applicant is advised to contact the provider to determine the location of various services to avoid damage occurring.

NOTE: Reference is made to Endeavour Energy's written response under Clause 45 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007 dated 6 June 2018. All relevant requirements as stated by this advice should be adhered to as part of the enquiries associated with the development.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure suitable electricity arrangements are facilitated and Endeavour Energy's comments are adhered too.

112. Details on the Location of the Padmount Substation

Details of the padmount substation for the development including its location, service access and landscaping are to be submitted to Council for approval prior to the issue of a construction certificate.

Note: Location and positioning of Padmount Stations should take into consideration the flood impacts on site.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure a minimal impact for the proposed padmount substation.

113. Aboveground Power Lines

Where practicable, all existing overhead power lines adjacent to the development site shall be relocated underground to Energy Australia standards and specifications. If not practicable to relocate the power lines underground, arrangements shall be made with Energy Australia to place the conduit to carry those power lines underground so that they can be utilized at a later date by Energy Australia. In this regard all associated costs shall be borne by the applicant.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to improve the aesthetic quality of the area.

114. Number of Car Parking Spaces

A total of 112 off-street car parking spaces are to be provided to the development. The spaces are to have minimum dimensions of $5.5 \text{ m} \times 2.4 \text{ m}$ and be suitably sealed, marked, drained and freely accessible at all times. Visitor carparking spaces shall be a minimum width of 2.6 m.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure there is sufficient car parking for the development.

115. Further Acoustic Testing

Prior to the issuing of the Construction Certificate, the following is required to be submitted to Cumberland Council for assessment and comment: An acoustic report is to be prepared by an appropriately qualified acoustic consultant having the technical eligibility criteria required for membership of the Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants (AAAC) and/or grade membership of the Australian Acoustical Society (MAAS). The report should also consider noise emissions and vibration intrusion from development including the but not limited to proposed specific plant/equipment/mechanical. The report should be prepared in accordance with the NSW Environment Protection Authority Industrial Noise Policy & NSW EPA Interim Construction Noise Guidelines.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the operation of the development does not generate amenity concerns for adjoining developments.

116. Acoustic Report Compliance

The attenuation measures as outlined in Sections 7.3.3 and Section 8.4 of the Noise & Vibration Assessment report prepared by Acoustic Logic Consultancy Pty Ltd (ref: 20150645.1/1706A/R4/JR) are required to be adhered to during the design/construction phase of the development.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the recommendations of the Acoustic Report are incorporated within the development.

117. Amenity

The operation of the premises shall be conducted in such a manner as not to interfere with or materially affect the amenity of the neighbourhood by reason of noise, vibration, odour, fumes, vapour, steam, soot, ash, dust, waste water, waste products, grit, oil, or otherwise.

<u>Reason</u>:- to protect the amenity of the locality.

118. <u>Odour</u>

No offensive odour from any trade, industry or process shall be detected outside the premises by an authorised Council Officer as defined in the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to protect the surrounding locality from offensive odours.

119. Water Pollution

The operation of the premises shall be conducted in a manner which does not pollute waters as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to protect waterways and stormwater systems from pollution.

120. Noise and Vibration

The use of the premises shall not give rise to any of the following when measured or assessed at "sensitive" positions within any other property. These "sensitive" positions

should be selected to reflect the typical use of a property (ie any outdoor areas for day and evening but closer to the façade at night time), unless other positions can be shown to be more relevant.

- a) 'offensive noise' as defined in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.
- b) transmission of vibration to any place of different occupancy above the requirements of AS2670.
- c) a sound pressure LAeq,period at any noise sensitive position of any other premises or occupancy greater than the recommended amenity noise criteria detailed in the Department of Environment and Conservation, New South Wales (EPA) Industrial Noise Policy.
- d) a sound pressure LAeq,15min at any noise sensitive position greater than the intrusiveness criteria determined in accordance with the Department of Environment and Conservation, New South Wales (EPA) Industrial Noise Policy and does not contain any tones, low frequency or impulsive factors as defined in the Department of Environment and Conservation, New South Wales (EPA) Industrial Noise Policy table 4.1.

For assessment purposes, the above L_{Aeq} sound levels shall be assessed over a period of 10-15 minutes and adjusted in accordance with EPA guidelines for tonality, frequency weighting, impulsive characteristics, fluctuations and temporal content where necessary.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure adequate acoustic amenity in the locality.

121. Trade waste containers to be stored within the building

An adequate area is to be set aside within the building for the storage of trade waste containers. Such space is to be reserved at all times for the storage of trade waste containers. The containers shall not to obstruct or interfere with the use of loading and parking facilities and accessways.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the trade waste containers are stored within the building to prevent vandalism, arson and possible pollution to the external environment.

122. Contract for Waste Collection

Prior to occupation of the premises the operator shall enter into a commercial contract for the collection of trade waste and recyclables generated at the premises. A copy of all contracts and receipts shall be kept on the premises and made available to Council Officers on request.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure suitable arrangements are in place for the collection of trade waste and recyclables arising from the premises.

123. Arrangements for Water and Sewer Services

A Section 73 Compliance Certificate under the Sydney Water Act 1994 must be obtained.

Application must be made through an authorised Water Servicing Coordinator. Please refer to "Your Business" section of Sydney Water's web site at <u>www.sydneywater.com.au</u> then the "e-developer" icon or telephone 132 092.

Following application a "Notice of Requirements" will detail water and sewer extensions to be built or charges to be paid. Please make early contact **with the Coordinator**,

since building of water/sewer extensions can be time consuming and may impact on other services and building, driveway or landscaping design.

The Section 73 Certificate must be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority (Council or accredited certifier) **prior to release of the final plan of subdivision or occupation of the development**.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure that adequate water and sewer services can be provided to the site.

124. Sydney Water Approval

The approved development application plans must be accompanied by a valid Building Plan Assessment Approval Receipt. This receipt can be acquired through the "Sydney Water Tap" in system by the Sydney Water Authority.

Please refer to the web site <u>www.sydneywater.com.au</u> for:

- Information on the "Sydney Water Tap in" system and
- Registering and applying for the approval receipt for the Proposed Building Plan.

or telephone 13 20 92.

Note:

The consent authority or accredited certifier must either:

• ensure that a valid approval receipt has been obtained from Sydney Water before the issue of any Construction Certificate (receipt valid usually 1 year from the date of issue); or

• if there is a combined Development/Construction Certificate application, ensure that a valid approval receipt has been obtained prior to works commencing on site.

<u>*Reason:-*</u> to ensure the development does not damage or interfere with Sydney Water assets.

125. Final Fire Safety Certificate

Prior to the occupation of the building, the owner of the building shall submit to the Principal Certifying Authority (Council or Accredited Certifier), a **final fire safety certificate** in relation to each essential fire safety measure specified in the **fire safety schedule**, attached to the development consent or construction certificate.

Such certificate shall state that each essential fire safety measure specified:-

- a) Has been assessed by a properly qualified person, and
- b) Was found, at the date of assessment, to be capable of performing to a standard not less than that required by the current fire safety schedule for the building for which the certificate is issued.

NOTES:

- 1. As soon as practicable after a final fire safety certificate is issued, the owner of the building to which it relates:
 - i) Must cause a copy of the statement (and current fire safety schedule) to be given to the Commissioner of NSW Fire Brigades, and
 - ii) Must cause a further copy of the statement (and current copy of the current fire safety schedule) to be prominently displayed in the building.

2. A "fire safety measure" is defined as any measure (including any item of equipment, form of construction or fire safety strategy) that is , or is proposed to be, implemented in the building to ensure the safety of persons using the building in the event of fire.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure compliance with Regulations 149 & 171 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

126. Annual Fire Safety Statement

The owner of any building in which fire safety measures are installed, must cause the Council to be given an **annual fire safety statement**, within 12 months after the last such statement or final fire safety certificate was issued.

The certificate shall certify:-

- a) That each essential fire safety measure has been assessed by a properly qualified person and was found, at the date of assessment, to be capable of performing to a standard not less than that required by the current fire safety schedule.
- b) That a properly qualified person has inspected the building and has certified that, as at the date of inspection, the condition of the building did not disclose any grounds for a prosecution under Division C.

NOTES:

- 1. As soon as practicable after an annual fire safety statement is issued, the owner of the building to which it relates:
 - i) must cause a copy of the statement (and current fire safety schedule) to be given to the Commissioner of NSW Fire Brigades, and
 - ii) must cause a further copy of the statement (and current copy of the current fire safety schedule) to be prominently displayed in the building.
- 2. A "fire safety measure" is defined as any measure (including any item of equipment, form of construction or fire safety strategy) that is, or is proposed to be, implemented in the building to ensure the safety of persons using the building in the event of fire.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure compliance with Regulation 171 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

127. Fire Safety Notices

The fire-isolated stairway, fire-isolated passageway or fire-isolated ramp must contain a notice advising of "Offences relating to fire exits". The notice shall contain the wording prescribed by Clause 183 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation, 2000 and the Building Code of Australia.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to comply with Clause 183 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 and the BCA.

128. Occupation Certificate

A person must not commence occupation or use of the whole or part of a new building unless an occupation certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

The application for an Occupation Certificate must be made to the Principal Certifying Authority (Council or an accredited certifier) using the approved form.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Section 6.9 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended).

129. Section 7.12 Contribution

A monetary contribution comprising **\$184,460.52** is payable to **Cumberland Council** in accordance with Section 7.12 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended) and the Parramatta Section 7.12 Development Contributions Plan (Amendment No. 5).

The contribution is to be paid to Council prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

The contribution levy is subject to indexation on a quarterly basis in accordance with movements in the Consumer Price Index (All Groups Index) for Sydney issued by the Australian Statistician. At the time of payment, the contribution levy may have been the subject of indexation.

Parramatta Section 7.12 Development Contributions Plan (Amendment No. 5) can be viewed on Cumberland Council's website at: www.cumberland.nsw.gov.au

<u>Reason</u>:- To comply with legislative requirements.

130. Bollards outside Exit Doors

Where exit doors open onto driveway, loading docks or similar areas, bollards shall be placed at either side of the door opening to prevent obstruction of the exit.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure the exit does not become obstructed.

131. Yellow Line Marking

The floor of the building is suitably line marked in yellow paint to clearly delineate 1.0 meter paths of travel to the exit. All obstructions from exits will need to be removed.

<u>*Reason*</u>: to assist in keeping the paths of travel to the exit clear at all times and to comply with the requirements of D1.6 of the BCA.